O.M.B. No 3067-0077 Expires May 31, 1993

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

ATTENTION: Use of this certificate does not provide a waiver of the flood insurance purchase requirement. This form is used only to provide elevation information necessary to ensure compliance with applicable community floodplain management ordinances, to determine the proper insurance premium rate, and/or to support a request for a Letter of Map Amendment or Revision (LOMA or LOMR).

Instructions for completing this form can be found on the following pages.

			3 /	5	
SECTION A PROPERTY INFORMATION			FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE		
BUILDING OWNER'S NAME Ellen Hiendell			POLICY NUMBER		
STREET ADDRESS (Including Apt., Unit, Suite and/or Bidg. Number) OR P.O. ROUTE AND BOX NUMBER COMPANY NAIC NUMBER COMPANY NAIC NUMBER					
OTHER DESCRIPTION (Lot and Block Numbers, etc.) Lotin Kings wood deights.					
Prescott		1	STATE	SG301	
SECTION B FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION					
Provide the following from the proper FIRM (See Instructions):					
1. COMMUNITY NUMBER 2. PANEL NUMBER 040093 1020	3. SUFFIX	4. DATE OF FIRM INDEX 9-20-96	5. FIRM ZONE	6. BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (in AO Zones, use depth)	
7. Indicate the elevation datum system used on the FIRM for Base Flood Elevations (BFE): NGVD '29 Other (describe on back) 8. For Zones A or V, where no BFE is provided on the FIRM, and the community has established a BFE for this building site, indicate the community's BFE: I feet NGVD (or other FIRM datum—see Section B, Item 7).					
SECTION	SECTION C BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION				
of 15H0H. feet NGVD (or other FIF (b). FIRM Zones V1-V30, VE, and V (with BFE) the selected diagram, is at an elevation of L (c). FIRM Zone A (without BFE). The floor used below (check one) the highest grade ac (d). FIRM Zone AO. The floor used as the refer one) the highest grade adjacent to the build level) elevated in accordance with the comm 3. Indicate the elevation datum system used in de under Comments on Page 2). (NOTE: If the elevation B, Item 7], then conve	d as the referent das the referent to the bit sence level from ing. If no flood nunity's floodplatetermining the allevation datum	of the lowest horizontal strain feet NGVD (or other FIR ace level from the selected uilding. In the selected diagram is depth number is available ain management ordinance above reference level eleval used in measuring the entire to the selected in the s	M datum-see Sed diagram is feet above, is the building's re? Yes NGV devations is different	ction B, Item 7). feet above or ove or below (check s lowest floor (reference No Unknown D '29 Other (describe ent than that used on	
equation under Comments on Page 2.)					
4. Elevation reference mark used appears on FIRM: Yes No (See Instructions on Page 4) 5. The reference level elevation is based on: actual construction construction drawings (NOTE: Use of construction drawings is only valid if the building does not yet have the reference level floor in place, in which case this certificate will only be valid for the building during the course of construction. A post-construction Elevation Certificate will be required once construction is complete.)					
5. The elevation of the lowest grade immediately adjacent to the building is: LSRB. feet NGVD (or other FIRM datum-see Section B, Item 7).					
SECTION D COMMUNITY INFORMATION					
I. If the community official responsible for verifying is not the "lowest floor" as defined in the community floor" as defined by the ordinance is:	unity's floodpla	in management ordinance	e, the elevation o	f the building's "lowest	

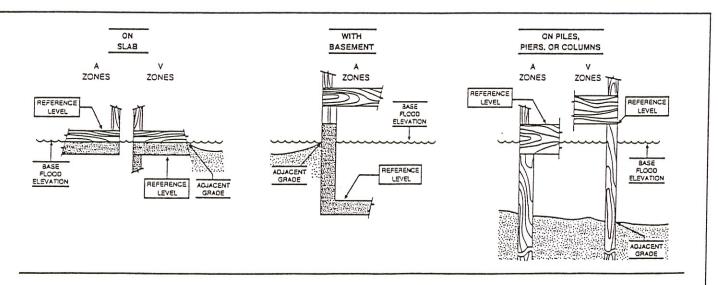
SECTION E CERTIFICATION

This certification is to be signed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by state or local law to certify elevation information when the elevation information for Zones A1–A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), V1–V30, VE, and V (with BFE) is required. Community officials who are authorized by local law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information, may also sign the certification. In the case of Zones AO and A (without a FEMA or community issued BFE), a building official, a property owner, or an owner's representative may also sign the certification.

Reference level diagrams 6, 7 and 8 - Distinguishing Features—If the certifier is unable to certify to breakaway/non-breakaway wall, enclosure size, location of servicing equipment, area use, wall openings, or unfinished area Feature(s), then list the Feature(s) not included in the certification under Comments below. The diagram number, Section C, Item 1, must still be entered.

I certify that the information in Sections B and C on this certificate represents my best efforts to interpret the data available. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code, Section 1001.

CERTIFIER'	^{S NAME} KENNETH E. SPEDDING	LICENSE NUMBER (or A	ffix Seal)			
TITLE	DISTRICT DIRECTOR	YAVAPAI COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT				
ADDRESS	255 E. GURLEY ST.,	PRESCOTT	AZ 86301 ZIP			
SIGNATURE	76/1/	4/10/97 DATE	PHONE (520) 771-3197			
Copies should be made of this Cartificate for: 1) community official, 2) insurance agent/company, and 3) building owner.						
COMMEN	TS:					
767						
4						



The diagrams above illustrate the points at which the elevations should be measured in A Zones and V Zones.

Elevations for all A Zones should be measured at the top of the reference level floor.

Elevations for all V Zones should be measured at the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member.

Note: In all A Zones, the reference level is the top of the lowest floor; in V Zones the reference level is the bottom of the lowest floor definition.

Agents should refer to the Flood Insurance Manual for instruction on lowest floor definition.

DIAGRAM NUMBER 5

ALL BUILDINGS, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOMES ELEVATED ON PIERS, POSTS, COLUMNS, SHEAR WALLS, WITH OR WITHOUT PARKING AREA BELOW ELEVATED FLOOR.

Distinguishing Feature - For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is open, with no obstruction to the flow of flood waters (open wood lattice work or readily removable insect screening is permissible).

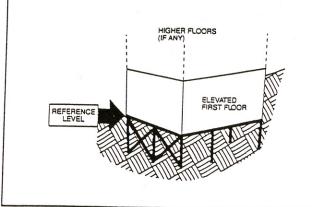


DIAGRAM NUMBER 6

ALL BUILDINGS, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOMES ELEVATED ON PIERS, POSTS, COLUMNS, SHEAR WALLS, WITH OR WITHOUT PARKING AREA BELOW ELEVATED FLOOR.

Distinguishing Feature - For V Zones only, the area below the elevated floor is enclosed, either partially or fully, by solid breakaway walls.** When enclosed area is greater than 300 square feet or contains equipment servicing the building, use Diagram Number 7; this will result in a higher insurance rate. The enclosed area can be used for parking, building access or limited storage.

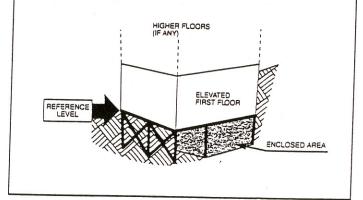


DIAGRAM NUMBER 7

ALL BUILDINGS, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOMES ELEVATED ON PIERS, POSTS, COLUMNS, SHEAR WALLS, SOLID NON-BREAKAWAY WALLS, WITH OR WITHOUT PARKING AREA BELOW ELEVATED FLOOR.

Distinguishing Feature - For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is enclosed, either partially or fully, by solid <u>non</u>-breakaway walls, <u>or</u> contains equipment servicing the building. For V Zones only, the area is enclosed, either partially or fully, by solid breakaway walls** having an enclosed area greater than 300 square feet. For A Zones only, with an area enclosed by solid walls having proper openings,*** and used only for parking, building access, or limited storage, use Diagram Number 8 to determine the reference level.

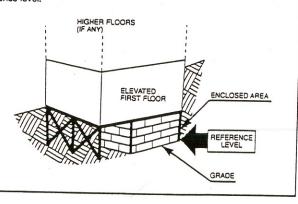
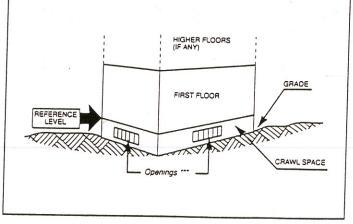


DIAGRAM NUMBER 8

ALL BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTED ABOVE AN UNFINISHED SPACE, INCLUDING CRAWL SPACE.

Distinguishing Feature - For A Zones only, the area below the first floor is enclosed by solid or partial perimeter walls, is unfinished, and contains no equipment servicing the structure. The area can be used for parking, building access, or limited storage.



- Under the National Flood Insurance Program's risk classification and insurance coverage, a floor that is below ground level (grade) on all sides is considered a basement even though the floor is used for living purposes, or as an office, garage, workshop, etc.
- Solid breakaway walls are walls that are not an integral part of the structural support of a building and are intended through their design and construction to collapse under specific lateral loading forces, without causing damage to the elevated portion of the building or supporting foundation. An area so enclosed is not secure against forceable entry.
- If the area below the lowest floor is fully enclosed, then a minimum of two openings are required with a total net area of at least one square inch for every square foot of area enclosed with the bottom of the openings no more than one foot above grade. Alternatively, certification may be provided by a registered professional engineer or architect that the design will allow equalization of hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls. If neither of these criteria are met, then the reference level is the lowest grade adjacent to the structure.