

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

AND

Instructions

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

RAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ENCY O.M.B. No. 3067-0077 Expires July 31, 1999

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

ATTENTION: Use of this certificate does not provide a waiver of the flood insurance purchase requirement. This form is used only to provide elevation information necessary to ensure compliance with applicable community floodplain management ordinances, to determine the proper insurance premium rate, and/or to support a request for a Letter of Map Amendment or Revision (LOMA or LOMR). You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed in the upper right corner of this form. Instructions for completing this form can be found on the following pages.

					T
SECTION A PROPERTY INFORMATION					FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE
BUILDING OWNER'S NAME	1 1 .				POLICY NUMBER
STREET ADDRESS (Including Apt., Unit, Suite and/or Bldg, Number) OB P.O. ROUTE AND BOX NUMBER COMPANY NAIC NUMBER					
18603 Aggie Hodge Rd Lots 8 reples Valley					
OTHER DESCRIPTION (Lot and Block Numbers, etc.)					
Tax Parcel 202-07-105 Shawnee Hills					
garne				STATE	85362
SECTION B FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION					
Provide the following from the proper FIRM (See Instructions):					
1. COMMUNITY NUMBER	2. PANEL NUMBER	3. SUFFIX	4. DATE OF FIRM INDEX	5. FIRM ZONE	6. BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (in AO Zones, use depth)
040093	1445	D	6-8-96	A2	4513.6
7. Indicate the elevation datum system used on the FIRM for Base Flood Elevations (BFE): NGVD '29 Other (describe on back) 8. For Zones A or V, where no BFE is provided on the FIRM, and the community has established a BFE for this building site, indicate					
the community's BFE: feet NGVD (or other FIRM datum-see Section B, Item 7).					
SECTION C BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION					
of 4518.3 fee (b). FIRM Zones V1-V30, the selected diagram, (c). FIRM Zone A (without below (check one) (d). FIRM Zone AO. The one) the highest grade level) elevated in accordance of the FIRM [see Section equation under Comments on Page 1988.1 fee	AE, AH, and A (with Bet NGVD (or other FIF VE, and V (with BFE) is at an elevation of BFE). The floor used the highest grade action of the highest grade action of adjacent to the build ordance with the commutum system used in dige 2). (NOTE: If the B, Item 7], then convents on Page 2.)	RM datum—see The bottom of the	Section B, Item 7). of the lowest horizontal state of the low	ructural member RM datum—see Set diagram is feet a le, is the building ace? Yes evations is differed on the FIRM	above or below (check y's lowest floor (reference) No Unknown
4. Elevation reference mark used appears on FIRM: X Yes No (See Instructions on Page 4)					
5. The reference level elevation is based on: actual construction construction drawings (NOTE: Use of construction drawings is only valid if the building does not yet have the reference level floor in place, in which case this certificate will only be valid for the building during the course of construction. A post-construction Elevation Certificate will be required once construction is complete.)					
6. The elevation of the lowest grade immediately adjacent to the building is: 45/5/5/5 feet NGVD (or other FIRM datum-see Section B, Item 7).					
SECTION D COMMUNITY INFORMATION					
If the community official is not the "lowest floor" a floor" as defined by the case. Date of the start of const.	s defined in the commordinance is:	nunity's floodpl	ain management ordinar	ice, the elevation	

THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

PURPOSE OF THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is an important administrative tool of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

As part of the agreement for making flood insurance available in a community, the NFIP requires the community to adopt a floodplain management ordinance containing certain minimum requirements intended to reduce future flood losses. One such requirement is that the community "obtain the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new and substantially improved structures, and maintain a record of all such information." The Elevation Certificate is one way for a community to comply with this requirement.

The Elevation Certificate is also required to properly rate post-FIRM structures, which are buildings constructed after publication of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), for flood insurance in FIRM Zones A1-A30, AE, AO, AH, A (with Base Flood Elevations [BFE's]), V1-V30, VE, and V (with BFE's). In addition, the Elevation Certificate is also needed for pre-FIRM structures being rated under post-FIRM flood insurance rules.

Use of this certificate does not in any way alter the flood insurance purchase requirement. The Elevation Certificate is only used to provide information necessary to ensure compliance with applicable community floodplain management ordinances, to determine the proper flood insurance premium rate, and/or to support a request for a Letter of Map Amendment or Revision (LOMA or LOMR). Only a LOMA or LOMR from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) can amend the FIRM and remove the Federal requirement for a lending institution to require the purchase of flood insurance. Note that the lending institution may still require flood insurance.

This certificate is only used to certify the elevation of the reference level of a building. If a non-residential building is being floodproofed, then a Floodproofing Certificate must be completed in addition to certifying the building's elevation. Floodproofing of a residential building does not alter a community's floodplain management elevation requirements or affect the insurance rating unless the community has been issued an exception by FEMA to allow floodproofed residential basements.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is to be completed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by state or local law to certify elevation information when the elevation information for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE's), V1-V30, VE, and V (with BFE's) is required. Community officials who are authorized by local law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information may also complete this form. For Zones AO and A (without BFE's), a building official, a property owner, or an owner's representative may also provide the information on this certification.

SECTION A Property Information

The Elevation Certificate identifies the building, its owner and its location. Provide the building owner's name(s), the building's complete street address, and lot and block number. If the property address is a rural route or PO box number, provide a legal description or an abbreviated location description based on distance from a reference point.

SECTION B Flood Insurance Rate Map Information

In order to properly complete the Elevation Certificate, it is necessary to locate the building on the appropriate FIRM, and record the appropriate information. To obtain a FIRM, contact the community or call 1-800-333-1363.

The Elevation Certificate may be completed based on either the FIRM in effect at the time of the certification or the FIRM in effect when construction of the building was started.

Items 1 - 6. Using the FIRM Index and the appropriate FIRM panel for the community, record the community number, panel (or page) number, suffix, and Index date. From the appropriate FIRM panel, locate the property and record the zone and the BFE (or flood depth number) at the building site. BFE's are shown on a FIRM for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, V1-V30, and VE; flood depth numbers are shown for Zone AO.

Item 7. Record the vertical datum system to which the elevations on the applicable FIRM are referenced. The datum is specified in the upper right corner of the title block of the FIRM.

Item 8. In A or V Zones where BFE's are not provided on the FIRM, the community may have established BFE's based on data from other sources. For subdivisions and other development greater than 50 lots or 5 acres, establishment of BFE's is required by community floodplain management ordinance. When this is the case, complete this item.

INSTRUCTIONS

The following 8 diagrams contain descriptions of various types of buildings. Compare the features of your building with those shown in the diagrams and select the diagram most applicable. Indicate the diagram number on the Elevation Certificate (Section C, Item 1) and complete the Certificate. The reference level floor is that level of the building used for underwriting purposes.

NOTE: In all A Zones, the reference level is the top of the lowest floor; in V Zones the reference level is the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member (see diagram on page 2). Agents should refer to the Flood Insurance Manual for instruction on lowest floor definition.

DIAGRAM NUMBER 1

ALL SINGLE AND MULTIPLE FLOOR BUILDINGS (OTHER THAN SPLIT LEVEL), INCLUDING MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOUSING AND HIGH RISE BUILDINGS, EITHER DETACHED OR ROW TYPE (E.G., TOWNHOUSE, ETC.); WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHED GARAGE.

Distinguishing Feature - The first floor is *not* below ground level (grade) on all sides*. This includes "walkout" basements, where at least one side is at or above grade. (Not illustrated)

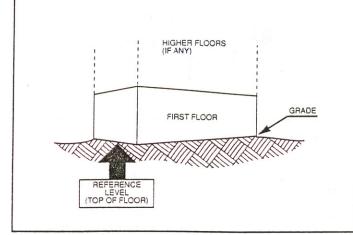


DIAGRAM NUMBER 2

ALL SINGLE AND MULTIPLE FLOOR BUILDINGS (OTHER THAN SPLIT LEVEL), INCLUDING MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOUSING AND HIGH RISE BUILDINGS, EITHER DETACHED OR ROW TYPE (E.G., TOWNHOUSES, ETC.); WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHED GARAGE.

Distinguishing Feature - The first floor *or* basement (including an underground garage*) is below ground level (grade) on *all* sides*.

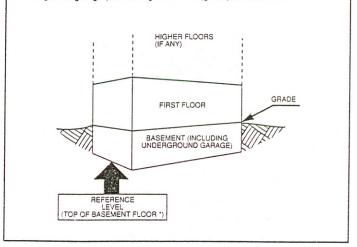


DIAGRAM NUMBER 3

ALL SPLIT LEVEL BUILDINGS, EITHER DETACHED OR ROW TYPE (E.G., TOWNHOUSES, ETC.); WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHED GARAGE.

Distinguishing Feature - The lower level is *not* below ground level (grade) on *all* sides*. This includes "walkout" basements, where at least one side is at or above grade.

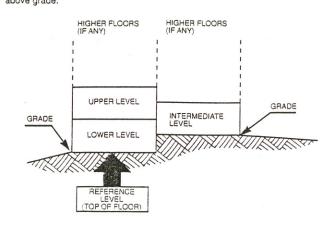
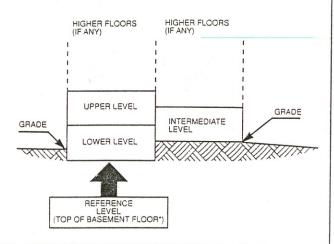


DIAGRAM NUMBER 4

ALL SPLIT LEVEL BUILDINGS, EITHER DETACHED OR ROW TYPE (E.G., TOWNHOUSES, ETC.); WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHED GARAGE.

Distinguishing Feature - The lower level (or intermediate level) is below ground level (grade) on all sides*.



^{*} Under the National Flood Insurance Program's risk classification and insurance coverage, a floor that is below ground level (grade) on all sides is considered a basement even though the floor is used for living purposes, or as an office, garage, workshop, etc.

When Completed Return To: Yavapai County Flood Control District Section 1 - Complete entire section ASSESSORS NUMBER 202-07-105 DATE 3-3-99 SUBDIVISION NAME AND LOT NUMBER SHAWNEE HILLS OWNER WILLIAM BASE BENCHMARK NUMBER RM 201 (4511.52 (on floodplain circuit) ELEVATION OF THE LOWEST GRADE IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO THE BUILDING 4515.3 PROPERTY BENCHMARK ELEVATION 4514.73 (1/2 REBAR WITH ALLIN CAP NE. COR, LOT) DIAGRAM # (from Page 5 & 6 of OMB No. 3067-0070 Section 2 - Complete if appropriate 'As Built' Elevation for Manufactured Homes SURVEYED BOTTOM OF STRUCTURAL FRAME OR LOWEST POINT OF ANY ATTACHED APPLIANCES (seal) Signed Section 3 - Complete if appropriat Built Mexation for Site Built Homes SURVEYED LOWEST FLO (seal) ngned FOR DISTRICT USE: REQUIRED ELEVATION TO BOTTOM OF STRUCTURAL FRAME OR LOWEST POINT OF ANY ATTACHED APPLIANCES (As Per Development Permit DIFFERENCE REQUIRED LOWEST FLOOR ELEVATION (As Per Development Permit) DIFFERENCE

"AS BUILT" ELEVATIONS FOR EITHER MANUFACTURED HOME'S JR SITE BUILT HOMES